

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Revision Date: 01/16/2023

Date of Issue: 07/29/2015

Version: 1.1

### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

#### 1.1. **Product Identifier**

Product Form: Calcium Carbonate

Product Name: Unical – UF, Unical –P, Unical-C, Unical –S, Unical – M, Unical –L, FreFlo, LOL #3, Unical-F, Shell& Bone Builder Blend, Shell and Bone Builder

Chemical Name: Calcium Carbonate

Synonyms: Feeding Limestone

#### 1.2. **Intended Use of the Product**

Animal Feed, Animal Pharmaceutical

#### 1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company **ILC** Resources 3301 106th Circle Urbandale, IA 50322-3740 515-243-8106 www.ilcresources.com

#### 1.4. **Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency Number : 515-243-8106

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Classification of the Substance or Mixture** 2.1.

### **GHS-US/CA** Classification

Carc. 1A	H350
STOT SE 3	H335
STOT RE 1	H372
Full text of hazard classes	and H-statements : see Section 16.

#### 2.2. Label Elements

G

GHS-US/CA Labeling		
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA)	:	
Signal Word (GHS-US/CA)	: D	anger
Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA)	: н	335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	Н	350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation).
		372 - Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated xposure (Inhalation).
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA)	: P2	201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P	202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P	260 - Do not breathe dust.
	P	264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
	P	270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P	271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P	280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
	P	304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for
		reathing.
	P	308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P	312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
	P	314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

#### 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Limestone/ Calcium Carbonate	Calcium carbonate [Limestone], Natural calcium carbonate [Limestone] [Note: Calcite & aragonite are commercially important natural calcium carbonates.]	(CAS-No.) 1317-65-3 / (CAS-No.) 471-34-1	96.04 - 98.01	Not classified
Silica	Quartz (SiO2) / Silica, crystalline, quartz / Crystalline silica, quartz / .alphaQuartz / Silica, crystalline, .alpha quartz / QUARTZ / Crystalline silica in the form of quartz / Quartz, silica / Quartz (respirable fraction) / Silica dust / Silica, crystalline- .alpha.quartz / Silica, .alpha quartz / Silicon dioxide / Silica, quartz / Silica, crystalline	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7	< 1.5	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372

Full text of H-phrases: see Section 16.

\*Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

**General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

**Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

**General:** May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Irritation of respiratory tract. **Inhalation:** Respiratory irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.

Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

#### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

#### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

#### 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

#### 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products**: Crystalline silica exists in several forms, the most common of which is quartz. If crystalline silica (quartz) is heated to more than 870°C, it can change to a form of crystalline silica known as trydimite, and if crystalline silica (quartz) is heated to more than 1470°C, it can change to a form of crystalline silica known as cristobalite. The OSHA PEL for crystalline silica as trydimite and cristobalite is one-half of the OSHA PEL for crystalline silica (quartz).

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

#### 6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Under code of federal registry title 21 CRF this substance is generally recognized as safe when used in accordance with good manufacturing or feed practice.

#### 6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

#### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Cutting, crushing, sanding or grinding of crystalline silica-bearing materials will release respirable crystalline silica. Use all appropriate measures of dust control or suppression, and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) described in Section 8 below. Heavy material - proper lifting methods or equipment.

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

#### 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizers. Acids. Dissolves in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas.

#### 7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Animal Feed, Animal Pharmaceutical, Agricultural Application and Industrial.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in Section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

Silica (14808-60-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 μg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (designated substances regulation-respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	300 particle/mL
Limestone (1317-65-3)	·	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Limestone, containing no Asbestos and <1%
		Crystalline silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
01/16/2022	ENI (English LIS)	

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Calcium Carbonate (471-34-1)				
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)		
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)		
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)		
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	30 mppcf		
		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

\* Limestone is not a carcinogen listed by ACGIH, MSHA, OHSA, NTP, DFG, RSST, or IARC. However, crystalline silica may be at or above detection levels (0.1%). Occurrence is dependent upon the stone source, process and specific application.

#### 8.2. Exposure Controls

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Not required for normal conditions of use.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory Protection:** If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties				
Physical State : Solid				
Formula	: CaCO <sub>3</sub>			
Appearance	: Tan, White, Gray Coarse to Small Granules to Powder			
Odor	: Odorless			
Odor Threshold	: Not available			
рН	: 8.5 - 9.5			
Evaporation Rate	: Not available			
Melting Point	: 800 °C (1472 °F) Decomposes on Heating			
Freezing Point	: Not available			
Boiling Point	: Not available			
Flash Point	: Not available			
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available			
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available			
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available			
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available			

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: Not available
Relative Density	: Not available
Density	: 2.93 g/cm <sup>3</sup> @ 25 °C (77 °F)
Specific Gravity	: 2.7 - 2.9
Solubility	: Water: Negligible
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: Not available
Viscosity	: Not available

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

- **10.2.** Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see Section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4.** Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials.

**10.5.** Incompatible Materials: Oxidizers. Acids. Dissolves in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas.

**10.6.** Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected under normal conditions of storage.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**11.1.** Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

**pH:** 8.5 - 9.5

Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

**pH:** 8.5 - 9.5

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer (Inhalation).

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure):** Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** Respiratory irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **11.2.** Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Silica (14808-60-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
Calcium Carbonate (471-34-1)		
LD50 Oral Rat	6450 mg/kg	

Safety Data Sheet According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Silica (14808-60-7)						
IARC Group	1					
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.					
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.					
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION						
12.1. Toxicity						
Ecology - General: Not classified.						
12.2. Persistence and Degradability						
<u> </u>	I, Unical –L, FreFlo, LOL #3, Unical-F, Shell& Bone Builder Blend, Shell and					
Bone Builder						
Persistence and Degradability Not establish	ned.					
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential						
Unical – UF , Unical –P, Unical-C, Unical –S, Unical – M	I, Unical –L, FreFlo, LOL #3, Unical-F, Shell& Bone Builder Blend, Shell and					
Bone Builder						
Bioaccumulative Potential Not establish	ned.					
Calcium Carbonate (471-34-1)						
BCF Fish 1 (no bioaccur	nulation)					
12.4. Mobility in Soil						
Not available						
12.5. Other Adverse Effects						
Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.						
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS						
13.1. Waste treatment methods						
	e of in accordance with applicable local, state, provincial, territorial, federal					
and international regulations.						
Additional Information: Container may remain hazardou						
Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environ	ment.					
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION						
	I in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, r may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.					
<b>14.1.</b> In Accordance with DOT Not regulated fr	•					
<b>14.2.</b> In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for						
5	•					
<ul> <li>4.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport</li> <li>4.4. In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport</li> </ul>						
15.1. US Federal Regulations	SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION					
	Lunical L Fratio LOL #2 Unical E Shall? Pana Puildar Pland Shall and					
Unical – UF , Unical –P, Unical-C, Unical –S, Unical – M, Unical –L, FreFlo, LOL #3, Unical-F, Shell& Bone Builder Blend, Shell and Bone Builder						
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Health hazard - Carcinogenicity						
Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)						
Silica (14808-60-7)						
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory						
Limestone (1317-65-3)						
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory						
Calcium Carbonate (471-34-1)	Calcium Carbonate (471-34-1)					
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory						

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

#### 15.2. US State Regulations

#### **California Proposition 65**

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to Quartz, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity		
Silica (14808-60-7)	Х					
Silica (14808-60-7)						
U.S Massachusetts - Right To	Know List					
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know	w Hazardous Substance	List				
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right	to Know) List					
Limestone (1317-65-3)						
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List						
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List						
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List						
L5.3. Canadian Regulation	s					
Silica (14808-60-7)						
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)						
Limestone (1317-65-3)						
Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)						
Calcium Carbonate (471-34-1)						
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	nestic Substances List)					

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest	: 01/16/2023
Revision	
Other Information	: This document has been pro

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS 2015 (Can, US)